

注意：考試開始鈴響或綠燈亮前，不可以翻閱試題本

109 學年度身心障礙學生升學大專校院甄試試題本

甄試類(群)組別：二技組

【共同科目】

考試科目(編號)：英文 (B2202)

—作答注意事項—

1. 考試時間：90 分鐘。
2. 請在答案卷上作答，答案卷每人一張，不得要求增補。
3. 請核對報考甄試類(群)組別、考試科目是否相符。
4. 單選題共 25 題。

單選題，共 25 題，每題 4 分

一、字彙題：第1至10題，每題有四個選項，請選擇最適當的一個選項，並將代表字母(A、B、C、D)填入答案卷中。

1. The road becomes _____ when it rains, so please be careful when you walk on it.
(A) privacy
(B) ready
(C) sleepy
(D) slippery
2. She was lost during her hike in the mountain because the region was _____ to her.
(A) ultimate
(B) understandable
(C) unfamiliar
(D) universal
3. The boy's suggestion that he should be allowed to take a part-time job at a gas station was unfortunately _____ by his father.
(A) disguised
(B) dismissed
(C) divided
(D) divorced
4. Both of Jenny's parents are singers, so she _____ a love for music since her childhood.
(A) acquired
(B) alarmed
(C) alerted
(D) analyzed
5. The bus accident was serious but luckily not _____ for the driver or passengers.
(A) farther
(B) fatal
(C) favorite
(D) fertile

6. You are sick, so please be _____ and go to see a doctor immediately!
(A) senior
(B) sensible
(C) significant
(D) similar
7. If the economy continues to worsen, we could encounter a dangerous _____ crisis in the near future.
(A) fashionable
(B) favorable
(C) fictional
(D) financial
8. Sue's watch is small but _____ since it contains numerous tiny parts.
(A) comic
(B) complex
(C) confident
(D) conscious
9. The children will be frightened if you take them to see a _____ movie such as *The Grudge*.
(A) salty
(B) satisfactory
(C) scarce
(D) scary
10. Cleaning the beach involved a lot of _____, but eventually, we were very proud of our efforts.
(A) labor
(B) lace
(C) lack
(D) ladder

二、綜合測驗：第11至20題，每題有四個選項，請依各段題意選出最適當的一個選項，並將代表字母(A、B、C、D)填入答案卷中。

11-15為題組

E-book readers are changing the way people read. The main selling point for these (11) devices, which are the size of a paperback book, is that they make books easy to access and carry. These devices can store hundreds of books in memory and, with text-to-speech features, can even read the texts. The market for e-books and e-book readers keeps (12) as a lot of companies enter it. Online and traditional booksellers have been the first to market e-book readers to the public, but computer companies, especially the ones already involved in online music and notepad computer technology, will also enter the market. The problem for consumers, (13), is which device to choose. Incompatibility is the norm. E-books can be read only on the devices they were intended (14). Furthermore, use is restricted by the same kind of systems that restrict the copying of music and videos. Therefore, book buyers are often (15) to lend books to other readers, as they can with a real book. Few accommodations have been made to fit the other way Americans read: by borrowing books from libraries. What is a buyer to do?

11. (A) handhold
(B) handheld
(C) handholding
(D) hold hands
12. (A) expand
(B) expanded
(C) expanding
(D) expansion
13. (A) however
(B) moreover
(C) overall
(D) therefore

14. (A) for
(B) in
(C) on
(D) to
15. (A) able
(B) disable
(C) enable
(D) unable

16-20為題組

Over 265 million children are currently out of school and 22% of them are of primary school age. Additionally, even the children who are attending schools are lacking basic skills (16) reading and math. In the past decade, major progress has been made towards (17) access to education at all levels and increasing enrollment rates in schools particularly for women and girls. Basic literacy skills have improved greatly, (18) bolder efforts are needed to make even greater progress towards achieving universal education goals. (19), the world has achieved equality in primary education between girls and boys, but (20) countries have achieved that target at all levels of education. The reasons for lack of quality education are due to lack of adequately trained teachers, poor conditions of schools and equity issues related to opportunities provided to rural children.

- 16.(A) for
(B) in
(C) on
(D) to
- 17.(A) increasing
(B) increased
(C) increase
(D) increasingly
- 18.(A) and
(B) or
(C) so
(D) yet

19. (A) For example
(B) Like
(C) Such as
(D) Unlike

20. (A) a little
(B) few
(C) little
(D) much

三、閱讀測驗：第 21 至 25 題，每題有四個選項，請依題意選出最適當的一個選項，並將代表字母(A、B、C、D)填入答案卷中。

In 1894, a horrible disease hit Rutland County in the U.S. state of Vermont. Called polio, it seriously injured each victim's nervous system. Overall, the disease struck 150 people. Eighteen of them were deadly.

In the first half of the twentieth century, polio became a widely-feared disease in the U.S. One of its most well-known victims was Franklin D. Roosevelt. He was infected with the disease in 1921 when he was at the age of 39. Because of polio, he was unable to walk without support. In spite of the disability, years later, he was elected president of the U.S.

In the early 1950s, a researcher, Jonas Salk in the end developed a potential vaccine for polio. After the successful test on monkeys, he gave it to two groups of children and his family. In 1953, he delivered a radio speech in which he declared the success of the human tests.

On April 26, 1954, a government-supported polio vaccination program started. Surprisingly, in just two months, about 1.8 million Americans received Jonas Salk's vaccine. A year later, the government indicated that the polio vaccine had shown to be effective in preventing the spread of this particular disease.

Jonas Salk's vaccine was injected with a needle. In the early 1960s, another researcher, Albert Sabin invented an oral polio vaccine. Nowadays, both the injected polio vaccine (IPV) and oral polio vaccine (OPV) are used worldwide. In many countries, OPV is preferred. It is not only inexpensive but also convenient as it is taken orally.

21. Why does this passage mention Jonas Salk and Albert Sabin?
- (A) Due to the money that they gave to support research
 - (B) Due to their role in fighting for animals' rights
 - (C) Due to the outstanding surgery that they did
 - (D) Due to their accomplishments in the field of medicine
22. What can be inferred from the passage about Franklin D. Roosevelt's disability?
- (A) It didn't destroy his political career.
 - (B) It had to be hidden forever.
 - (C) It wasn't because of a disease.
 - (D) It was mental disorder.
23. Which of the following was the first subject to be tested for a potential vaccine for polio?
- (A) A monkey
 - (B) A mouse
 - (C) Albert Sabin
 - (D) Jonas Salk
24. According to the passage, which of the following was true about vaccination program of 1954?
- (A) It helped patients in different countries.
 - (B) It wasn't supported by the government.
 - (C) It rapidly reached a large number of people.
 - (D) It had a negative influence on people.
25. How is OPV given to a patient?
- (A) By injecting it into the patient's arm
 - (B) By applying it on the patient's wound
 - (C) By spreading it on the patient's face
 - (D) By putting it into the patient's mouth