

注意：考試開始鈴響或綠燈亮前，不可以翻閱試題本

112 學年度身心障礙學生升學大專校院甄試試題本

甄試類(群)組別：二技組

【共同科目】

考試科目(編號)：英文 (B2202)

—作答注意事項—

1. 考試時間：90 分鐘。
2. 請在答案卷上作答，答案卷每人一張，不得要求增補。
3. 請核對報考甄試類(群)組別、考試科目是否相符。
4. 單選題共 40 題。

單選題，共 40 題。

說明：第 1 題至第 40 題，每題 2.5 分。

一、字彙題：第 1 至 20 題，每題有四個選項，請選擇最適當的一個選項，並將代表字母 (A、B、C、D) 填入答案卷中。

1. The scientists performed a(n) _____ to determine how effective the drug was at relieving pain.
(A) alphabet
(B) discount
(C) experiment
(D) gasoline
2. The shop assistant says if I leave NTD 3,000 as a _____, she will keep the dress for me.
(A) baggage
(B) concert
(C) deposit
(D) harvest
3. Though over six feet tall, he was small by _____ with his mates on the basketball team.
(A) advantage
(B) comparison
(C) geography
(D) politician
4. I cannot explain how I know. I just have a(n) _____ that you have been involved in the accident.
(A) intuition
(B) obedience
(C) parachute
(D) reference
5. After the operation, the doctor has _____ the sight in the patient's left eye successfully.
(A) bargained
(B) criticized
(C) divorced
(D) restored

6. Being afraid of speaking in public, Thomas was encouraged by his teacher to _____ the fear.
(A) motivate
(B) overcome
(C) quarrel
(D) resemble
7. While picking up a slip of paper, the old woman lost her balance and _____ down the flight of stairs.
(A) predicted
(B) recalled
(C) secured
(D) tumbled
8. If you do not sort out the papers on your desk on a _____ basis, they will keep on piling up.
(A) delicious
(B) regular
(C) thirsty
(D) western
9. He was very _____ about his scar and thought everyone was staring at him.
(A) brilliant
(B) medical
(C) sensitive
(D) thirsty
10. Through news report, the refugees' suffering has become _____, and many people offer assistance.
(A) inferior
(B) plastic
(C) slippery
(D) visible
11. The _____ of New Taipei City in Taiwan is huge. About four million people live there.
(A) condition
(B) exhibition
(C) population
(D) separation

12. That old silver necklace may break unless you pick it up carefully.
It is very _____.
(A) anxious
(B) casual
(C) eager
(D) fragile
13. Due to the extreme weather conditions, it looks like my friend's flight is going to _____ several hours later than the expected time.
(A) arrive
(B) evaluate
(C) lecture
(D) violate
14. Mary likes everything to be _____. She always keeps her kitchen clean and tidy after cooking.
(A) behaved
(B) mannered
(C) organized
(D) stretched
15. The boat captain looked at the _____ sea and was worried that the storm would be coming.
(A) bitter
(B) economic
(C) instant
(D) rough
16. The queen only wears her crown for some special _____. So it hardly appears to the public.
(A) additions
(B) editions
(C) injections
(D) occasions

17. It can be easier to _____ a tomato by putting it in hot water for several seconds in advance.
(A) feed
(B) keep
(C) need
(D) peel
18. With the rapid advancement in technology, weather forecasts are getting much more _____.
(A) accurate
(B) exotic
(C) fierce
(D) genetic
19. A sky with lightning looks beautiful, maybe even fascinating, and it may _____ the viewer.
(A) attract
(B) handle
(C) locate
(D) protect
20. According to the school uniform rules, all students are _____ to wear shorts even in winter.
(A) required
(B) landed
(C) omitted
(D) prevented

二、綜合測驗：第 21 至 30 題，每題有四個選項，請依各段題意選出最適當的一個選項，並將代表字母 (A、B、C、D) 填入答案卷中。

21-25 為題組

How do we choose our diet? What we choose to eat is often based on information we receive _____ (21) _____ various sources. We hear tips about what to eat to be thinner, healthier, and smarter. But just how many of these claims are true? Many people believe that fat makes us fat, _____ (22) _____ they prefer a low-fat diet. Some fats, like trans fats, are bad for us. _____ (23) _____, other fats like unsaturated fats and omega-3 fatty acids—which are found in foods such as nuts, seeds, and fish—are essential for good health. In fact, studies have shown that consuming these fats in appropriate amount _____ (24) _____ our risk of heart disease and strokes. Low-fat products can be useful in reducing

your intake of bad fats, but _____ (25) _____ the fats in these products have not been replaced with sugar or other additives. By educating ourselves on the truths about foods, we can make wiser choices regarding what we eat.

21. (A) at
(B) by
(C) upon
(D) from

22. (A) or
(B) so
(C) but
(D) nor

23. (A) Moreover
(B) Therefore
(C) However
(D) Similarly

24. (A) lower
(B) lowers
(C) to lower
(D) lowering

25. (A) make up
(B) make sense
(C) make sure
(D) make out

26-30 為題組

Do you enjoy singing at karaoke? KTV, _____ (26) _____ as Karaoke Television, is extremely popular and enjoyed by people of all ages in Asia. Groups of friends, families, and coworkers go to KTV for fun. What you need to do is to _____ (27) _____ a room with a big TV screen on the wall. In a KTV room, everyone selects some songs from a list and waits for their _____ (28) _____ to sing. The _____ (29) _____ of the song appear on a video. With the use of a microphone, you can sing along with the music. You can also order lots of snacks and some drinks. It is a _____ (30) _____ fun way to spend an evening filled with eating, drinking, singing, and dancing with friends, family, coworkers, and more. KTV provides a unique alternative to traditional celebrations.

26. (A) know
(B) knew
(C) knows
(D) known
27. (A) earn
(B) rent
(C) deny
(D) check
28. (A) seat
(B) duty
(C) role
(D) turn
29. (A) norms
(B) lyrics
(C) woes
(D) oaths
30. (A) chilly
(B) harmful
(C) suspicious
(D) guaranteed

三、閱讀測驗：第 31 至 40 題，每題有四個選項，請依題意選出最適當的一個選項，並將代表字母 (A、B、C、D) 填入答案卷中。

31-35 為題組

In decisions about fashion, factors such as price, quality, and an item's effect on one's appearance are important. Relatively few consumers educate themselves about how these products are made. As a result, the morally wrong behavior of certain clothing and cosmetics manufacturers has not been checked.

Some clothes makers put profit before the health of their workers. Jeans manufacturers with factories located in China are particularly guilty of **this**. In certain factories, workers spray jeans with sand using high-pressure air guns—a process called sandblasting. The process gives jeans a fashionable, worn look, but those workers who carry out

the sandblasting do so in unhealthy environment with improper protective equipment.

The clothing industry is not the only one engaging in questionable practices. The cosmetic industry uses words such as “natural,” “organic,” or “cruelty-free” to make consumers believe that their products are not only safe to use but also morally conscious. But a powder or a cream that contains all-natural ingredients is not necessarily free of problems. As the demand for natural and organic beauty products increases, so does the production of ingredients that go into those products, and the task often falls to those people who provide cheap and, sometimes, illegal labor.

It is clear that many cosmetics and clothing makers do not practice due diligence when it comes to their chain of production. Therefore, it is up to consumer activists to stop these human rights violations. If the companies refuse to make changes, **consumers can speak up with their wallets** and take their business elsewhere.

31. What is the passage mainly about?
- (A) The latest techniques in the fashion industry.
 - (B) The saving of energy in the fashion industry.
 - (C) The process of making clothes and cosmetics.
 - (D) The dark side of cosmetics and clothing making.
32. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT a morally wrong behavior of clothing and cosmetics makers?
- (A) They teach workers how to make fashionable jeans.
 - (B) They ask workers to work in unhealthy environment.
 - (C) They do not provide workers with proper protection.
 - (D) They often employ illegal workers who are poorly paid.
33. What does “this” refer to in the second paragraph?
- (A) Caring more about making money.
 - (B) Caring more about workers’ health.
 - (C) Caring more about the looks of jeans.
 - (D) Caring more about the use of air guns.
34. According to the third paragraph, why do cosmetics that contain all-natural ingredients are still a problem?
- (A) Their ingredients are not legal.
 - (B) These cosmetics are questionable.
 - (C) These cosmetics are too expensive.
 - (D) Their production requires cheap labor.

35. What does the sentence “consumers can speak up with their wallets” imply in the last paragraph?
- (A) Consumers can ask for a discount.
 - (B) Consumers can talk to the managers.
 - (C) Consumers can show off their wealth.
 - (D) Consumers can refuse to buy the products.

36-40 為題組

Over the past few decades, the age of marriage has been increasing for both men and women worldwide. It is generally assumed that this delay of marriage is a positive trend and that later marriage provides more time for personal education, maturation, and preparation—especially in regards to career readiness. For these reasons, delayed marriage is actively promoted in different regions of the modern world. However, some emerging evidence challenges this assumption. Particularly when we consider aging population, birth rate, and economic issues, there appear to be some significant disadvantages in the delay of marriage.

Take Japan for an example. Its population is growing older and not enough babies are being born. Since more young people choose to have later marriage, this country's birth rate is **plummeting** as the average age climbs even higher. Japan has by far the highest senior population ratio in the world, with 29.1% of its people over 65 years old. It will not be long before the majority of population grows elderly. Consequently, this might reduce the size of the workforce; therefore, fewer young people can pay into the social welfare systems that care for the elderly.

Strong economies need a steady supply of workers to afford those social welfare systems which provide care for the old, the sick, and the less fortunate ones. Marriage often plays a role in **that**, either directly or indirectly. More often than not, marriage means the beginning of the family with children. However, with rising costs in many countries and the pressing economic pressure, even married couples increasingly choose not to have children. As a result, we can see how later marriage can sometimes lead to a decline in population and the subsequent economic crises.

What has the Japanese government done to prevent this? For years, the government has offered a life support grant for newly married couples. However, more recently the government has changed some standards to make it easier for newlyweds to apply and the grant program is applied to all citizens in Japan, regardless of nationality. So even foreigners moving to Japan are not left out. Through the program, the government hopes to encourage more young people to get married in Japan and increase the birth rate.

36. What is the passage mainly about?
- (A) To talk about the benefits of later marriage.
 - (B) To discuss the impacts of later marriage on people.
 - (C) To explain people's positive attitude toward later marriage.
 - (D) To show that marriage is not a requirement in modern world.
37. According to the passage, which of the following is NOT a reason why most people seem to hold positive attitude toward later marriage?
- (A) More retirement opportunities.
 - (B) More opportunities for mental growth.
 - (C) More opportunities to develop careers.
 - (D) More opportunities to receive education.
38. The word "plummeting" in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
- (A) falling
 - (B) soaring
 - (C) moving
 - (D) climbing
39. What does "that" refer to in the third paragraph?
- (A) A strong economy.
 - (B) A social welfare system.
 - (C) A steady supply of workers.
 - (D) A growing population of the elderly.
40. Which of the following about Japan can be inferred from the passage?
- (A) Its population is growing faster due to higher childbirth rate.
 - (B) The more elderly there are in a country, the better off the economy will be.
 - (C) The longer people wait to get married, the better off Japan will be financially.
 - (D) If the trend of later marriage continues, Japan will have a weaker economy.