

注意：考試開始鈴響或燈亮前，不可以翻閱試題本

104 學年度身心障礙學生升學大專校院甄試試題本

甄試類(群)組別：四技二專組

【共同科目】

考試科目(編號)：英文 (C3202)

—作答注意事項—

1. 考試時間：90 分鐘。
2. 請在答案卷上作答，並答案卷每人一張，不得要求增補。
3. 請核對報考甄試類(群)組別、考試科目是否相符。
4. 單選題共 40 題。

單選題，共 40 題，每題 2.5 分

- I. 文意字彙：請就下列英語對話或句子選出最適當的答案，並將代表字母 (A, B, C, D) 填入答案卷中。
- Secretary: I'm sorry that Manager Wang is busy on another line.
Customer: Can I _____ a message, please?
(A) take (B) show (C) leave (D) pick
 - Mary: I am wondering why you would get lost on the way.
John: I took a wrong _____ on the corner.
(A) traffic (B) turn (C) step (D) shot
 - John: What are you going to _____ for the Thanksgiving dinner?
Mary: Turkey, red wine, fish and beef.
(A) pass (B) serve (C) draw (D) repair
 - Wife: I am _____ my English-Chinese dictionary. Did you see it?
Husband: I believe it's on the dining table.
(A) turning off (B) putting on (C) looking for (D) showing off
 - Mark: Why do people begin to smoke?
Jack: To reduce the _____ they feel at work, I guess.
(A) stress (B) gain (C) risk (D) consumption
 - When the boy moved to the new town, he had no friends and just felt _____.
(A) outgoing (B) patient (C) lonely (D) lively
 - Everyone in the younger _____ must know how to use the computer.
(A) generation (B) business (C) fashion (D) vision
 - Many parents help children to _____ busy roads on their way to and from school.
(A) pave (B) cross (C) spread (D) retain
 - Since people around the world understand the _____ of olive oil, they begin to use it in their diet.
(A) items (B) orders (C) requests (D) benefits
 - If you don't have enough money to start your own business, you can _____ money from the bank for a short term.
(A) save (B) loan (C) pay (D) change

- II. 文法結構: 請選出最適當的答案, 並將代表字母(A, B, C, D) 填入答案卷中。
11. Tom _____ the basketball game on TV when he heard a knock at the door.
(A) watch (B) watching
(C) have watched (D) was watching
12. There _____ a coffee shop between the bookstore and the drugstore.
(A) has (B) have
(C) are (D) is
13. The female player has _____ big feet that she has to buy special shoes.
(A) such (B) such a
(C) so (D) so that
14. It hasn't been easy to find a job _____ 2010 due to the poor economy.
(A) before (B) for
(C) since (D) in
15. The boss liked Vincent _____ he worked hard without any complaint.
(A) unless (B) in order that
(C) because (D) though
16. _____ surprise anybody that John scored 100 points in the test yesterday?
(A) Does it (B) Do it
(C) Are they (D) Is it
17. When we arrived at the station, we found that the train _____.
(A) were already leaving (B) still leaves
(C) would leave yet (D) had already left
18. _____ by a salesman, Karen was very upset.
(A) Cheat (B) Cheated
(C) Cheating (D) Having cheated
19. I am tired _____ to email files to myself, so I start using the cloud service.
(A) that has (B) of having
(C) to have (D) of being
20. Whether people are traveling the world, _____ a business, or sharing photos with friends, this software kit helps a lot.
(A) running (B) to run
(C) and run (D) being run

III. 綜合測驗: 請選出最適當的答案, 並將代表字母 (A, B, C, D) 填入答案卷中。

You might have heard of seeing eye dogs that help the (21) and horses that help to move heavy things. Do you know that birds can also be trained to help people? Among them, of course, (22) carrier pigeons. These particular birds are trained to carry messages to people in different places. The note is placed into a thin can, which is tied to the pigeon's leg. The pigeon then flies to deliver the (23). Carrier pigeons are good messengers because they fly fast and (24) distances as well. What is more, they have a good sense of direction and they don't get lost. They can even get to places that people can't. So next time you see a pigeon hovering above, it might not be one that is flying leisurely. It might be a (25) bird, instead.

21. (A) gifted (B) deaf (C) dumb (D) blind
 22. (A) are (B) is (C) are there (D) is it
 23. (A) horse (B) dog (C) note (D) leg
 24. (A) long (B) wide (C) narrow (D) short
 25. (A) caged (B) wealthy (C) working (D) free

Motion pictures, also (26) movies or films, are the most popular forms of (27) today. Millions of people all over the world go to cinemas to (28) an entertaining story and to see their favorite movie stars. The film industry is also a big business. Movies (29) a lot of money and the people who make them hope to make a lot of (30) and achieve worldwide fame.

26. (A) call (B) called (C) calling (D) are called
 27. (A) mixture (B) attraction (C) publication (D) entertainment
 28. (A) declare (B) protest (C) enjoy (D) compose
 29. (A) provide (B) spend (C) range (D) cost
 30. (A) decision (B) profit (C) intelligence (D) experiment

IV. 閱讀測驗: 請選出最適當的答案, 並將代表字母 (A, B, C, D) 填入答案卷中。

Questions 31-32

The *Color Run* is only two years old, but it is already quite popular. The run is a happy event with no winners or prizes. People around the world participate in the 5-kilometer run just for fun and exercise. Participants are showered with colored powder at stations along the run. It is the only drawback of the event. Some people say they swallow some of the powder.

31. According to the passage, why do people join the event?
(A) For health and happiness. (B) For prizes and money.
(C) For friendship and love. (D) For family and work.
32. According to the passage, what is the only bad thing of the event?
(A) Runners run for too long.
(B) Runners eat the powder.
(C) Too many people join the event.
(D) The history of the event is too short.

Questions 33-34

It is a needle threader. As you can see, it consists of two parts: the handle and the wire. The end of the wire that is away from the holder is a diamond-shaped loop. The first thing you need to do is to slip the loop of the needle threader through the eye of the sewing needle. Then you put the thread, a couple of inches long, into the wire loop. Finally, holding on to the body of the needle threader, you pull the wire part back through the eye of the needle--slowly and carefully, until you have one thread in the eye of the needle. Now you know how to thread a needle.

33. According to the passage, how many parts is the needle threader made up of ?
(A) 4 (B) 3
(C) 2 (D) 5
34. Where does the talk most probably take place?
(A) In a cooking class. (B) In a sewing class.
(C) In a drawing class. (D) In a dancing class.

Questions 35-37

A research report says that virtual worlds can be important places where children practice what they will do in real life. They are also a powerful and attractive alternative to more passive adventures like watching TV. Children explore the online world alone, but they use message boards to share what they find and what they do in the different creative studios around the virtual space.

In the study, children at times are explorers and at others they are social networkers eager to connect with other players. Some are power users looking for more information about how the virtual space really works. The children can try all kinds of things without having to be afraid of the consequences that will follow. They learn useful social skills and play around with their identity in ways that will be much more difficult in real life.

According to the study, what children like about virtual worlds is the chance to create content such as music, cartoons and videos.

35. According to the report, which of the following statements is correct?
- (A) Virtual worlds are useful for children.
 - (B) Virtual worlds are harmful to children.
 - (C) Virtual worlds are not safe for children.
 - (D) Virtual worlds are strange to children.
36. According to the report, what do children like about virtual worlds?
- (A) They can use them to submit homework.
 - (B) They can use them to ruin things.
 - (C) They can use them to make music and videos.
 - (D) They can use them to buy things.
37. Which of the following uses of the virtual world to children is **NOT** mentioned in the report?
- (A) They use it for finding new information.
 - (B) They use it for connecting with other children.
 - (C) They use it for creating cartoons.
 - (D) They use it for shopping.

Questions 38-40

Business people find it convenient to keep a laptop computer at hand when they travel out. They will probably need to send and receive e-mail messages, chat with clients, transfer documents, images or videos, check the weather conditions--or just log into online social service accounts (*Facebook*, *Line* or *Twitter*, to name a few) to read the recent posts. None of the above-mentioned activities can be done without internet connection.

That's where “*Darkhotel*” comes in. *Darkhotel* is a computer virus which goes into electronic devices when people connect to hotels’ wireless networks—even in luxurious and expensive hotels. Wi-Fi devices users are invited to download software that pretends to be an update for *Google Toolbar*, *Adobe Flash*, *Windows Messenger* or similar apps. As business people install software of this kind, they become victims of Trojan-like backdoor viruses. From there, the hackers are able to obtain passwords, login information and other more precious private data.

What business travelers should keep in mind is that all wireless networks are potentially dangerous. They should avoid downloading any software updates unless there is strong evidence that they are free from harm.

38. According to the passage, what is *Darkhotel*?
- (A) A computer virus aimed at the Wi-Fi users.
 - (B) A hotel that is painted in black.
 - (C) A funny place that is unknown to the travelers.
 - (D) A hotel that is running out of power.
39. Why are luxurious and expensive hotels mentioned in the passage?
- (A) They are not good for non-business travelers.
 - (B) They are always fully occupied.
 - (C) They have perfectly safe online service.
 - (D) There still exist the dangers of computer viruses.
40. According to the passage, which of the following statements is correct?
- (A) Business people hate to take a laptop computer with them.
 - (B) Business people never check their e-mail messages at hotels.
 - (C) Trojan-like virus hackers are not interested in getting login information.
 - (D) Business people should manage not to download software updates.