### 注意:考試開始鈴響或綠燈亮前,不可以翻閱試題本

108 學年度身心障礙學生升學大專校院甄試試題本

# 甄試類(群)組別:二技組【共同科目】

考試科目(編號): 英文 (B2202)

## 一作答注意事項一

- 1. 考試時間:90分鐘。
- 2. 請在答案卷上作答,答案卷每人一張,不得要求增補。
- 3. 請核對報考甄試類(群)組別、考試科目是否相符。
- 4. 單選題共 25 題, 每題 4 分。

## 單選題,共 25 題,每題 4 分

_	、字彙題
1.	On July 15, 2010, hundreds of people in New Jersey reported an extraordinary set of lights in the sky.  (A) satisfying (B) saving (C) seeing (D) shipping
2.	One of the main of the English language is the fact that it has an enormous vocabulary, approximately 75% of which comes from other languages.  (A) characteristics (B) choices (C) clients (D) countries
3.	A definition to be a grow-up is to be economically  (A) contrasted (B) independent (C) spiritual (D) threatening
4.	There is nothing more than having a toothache when you are far from home.  (A) favoring (B) forgiving (C) frightening (D) furthering
5.	The team expected an easy victory, but suffered a defeat.  (A) comforting (B) constructing (C) conversing (D) crushing

6.	Herbal medicine, often taken as teas or pills, has been for thousands of years in almost all cultures around the world.  (A) occupied (B) offended (C) practiced (D) pressured
7.	Sellers want to the potential for profit, but buyers want to take lowest possible prices.  (A) disapprove (B) forgive (C) maximize (D) sparkle
8.	She was completely from her family and friends. She could neither meet anyone nor talk to anyone on the phone.  (A) identified (B) improved (C) inquired (D) isolated
9.	As the machine was no longer under, Mr. Jones called a local repairman to fix it.  (A) gain (B) generation (C) guarantee (D) guidance
10	. Studies show that through dieting and exercise, we can change our body by around 60 percent.  (A) scene (B) shape (C) signal (D) spice

#### 11-15為題組

In recent years, ecotourism or environmentally friendly tourism, has grown in popularity. It includes activities (11) visitors enjoy hands-on experiences, such as bird-watching in the Brazilian rainforest, hiking in the mountains of Nepal, or participating in a traditional village celebration. Local guides usually accompany small groups of tourists, (12) them all about local plants, animals and the culture of the region. The cross-cultural (13) that is part of the experience adds greatly to its value for many people. In addition, ecotourism offers local people the chance to escape a cycle of poverty and to develop a stronger sense of community pride by sharing their knowledge of the local ecology with visitors. (14), ecotourism is not always beneficial to local people and the ecology. Any increase in population produces larger amounts of (15) and can require more development. Tourism may even encourage the development of markets in wildlife souvenirs (skins, bones, etc.) which further damages the environment.

- 11. (A) in which
  - (B) of which
  - (C) on which
  - (D) over which
- 12. (A) teach
  - (B) taught
  - (C) teaching
  - (D) are taught
- 13. (A) exchange
  - (B) execution
  - (C) extent
  - (D) extinction
- 14. (A) Moreover
  - (B) However
  - (C) Therefore
  - (D) Overall
- 15. (A) being wasted and polluted
  - (B) to waste and pollute
  - (C) wasted and polluted
  - (D) waste and pollution

#### 16-20為題組

The potato chip was invented in 1853 by a chef named George Crum. Crum worked at a vacation (16) in Saratoga Springs, New York. One day, a picky diner (17) that the French fries were too thick. Crum then made some more, but the customer still wasn't satisfied. (18), Crum finally sliced a potato as thin as possible and fried the pieces. (19), the customer loved this variation on the French fries and demanded more. Potato chips were invented!

Crum's chips were soon called Saratoga Chips. Soon, they were made and sold all over New England. Crum later opened his own restaurant. Imagine, if the diner (20) been so fussy and grumbled to the chef, potato chips wouldn't have been invented! Potato chips lovers should probably thank the fussy diner.

- 16. (A) reaction
  - (B) receipt
  - (C) relation
  - (D) resort
- 17. (A) complain
  - (B) complains
  - (C) complained
  - (D) complaining
- 18. (A) Anger
  - (B) Angry
  - (C) Angriest
  - (D) Angrily
- 19. (A) As a result
  - (B) Furthermore
  - (C) In the meantime
  - (D) Similarly
- 20. (A) had
  - (B) hadn't
  - (C) has
  - (D) hasn't

#### 三、閱讀測驗

#### 21-25為題組

Some people like spiders, and some are nervous around them—and a few suffer from arachnophobia. Most people have little understanding of arachnophobia, but Dr. Hunter Hoffman is an expert in this area. He helps patients overcome this specific phobia using virtual reality (VR) technology. To him, virtual reality isn't just about gaming anymore. In the simulated environment, his patients gain confidence to face the challenges in the real world.

Here is a successful story to demonstrate VR's medical value. Miss Muffet used to be terrified of spiders. For years, she remained in fear and eventually became unable to leave the house. The loneliness depressed her; her life was turning unbearable. Dr. Hoffman worked with computer engineers for weeks to create a virtual world full of spiders. Miss Muffet first wore a special headset to enter the VR filled with visual and sound effects. Day after day, she gradually became less afraid of them. Finally, Miss Muffet was able to hold a real spider in her hand! It was a thrilling moment for both doctor and patient.

Few people suffer from their phobias to the extent Miss Muffet did. Dr. Hoffman and his team offer a new option to patients in need. Since virtual technology has shown the potential to cure arachnophobia and transform the patient's life, Dr. Hoffman continuously looks for effective ways to help more patients with other phobias. Perhaps similar psychological difficulties will soon be an issue of the past.

- 21. Which of the following did **NOT** happen in the story?
  - (A) Dr. Hoffman wished to do more research afterwards.
  - (B) Dr. Hoffman was able to create a virtual world by himself.
  - (C) Miss Muffet lived in so much fear that she had to seek help.
  - (D) Miss Muffet experienced VR treatment and gained confidence.
- 22. What is the medical application of virtual reality in this passage?
  - (A) cure
  - (B) patient
  - (C) virus
  - (D) disease
- 23. Which of the following can be the best title for this passage?
  - (A) Dr. Hoffman is the greatest scientist in this century.
  - (B) A hopeless life of an arachnophobia patient.
  - (C) Virtual reality technology and its medical potential.
  - (D) Spiders are the main cause of arachnophobia.

- 24. According to the passage, what is an arachnophobia patient afraid of?
  - (A) vehicles
  - (B) spiders
  - (C) headsets
  - (D) clothes
- 25. What can be inferred from the following statement "In the simulated environment, his patients gain confidence to face the challenges in the real world" based on the passage?
  - (A) VR stopped real spiders from entering Miss Muffet's house.
  - (B) VR features dramatic effects for spider research in the clinic.
  - (C) Patients can slowly reduce their anxiety in the virtual world.
  - (D) Dr. Hoffman can easily encounter challenges in his life.